# FINDING RECORDS OF YOUR ANCESTORS, PART A SWEEDED 1860 to 1920



Beginning Swedish researchers will also need: Reading Swedish Records (31028).

If your ancestor lived in Sweden between 1860 and 1920, follow the steps in this booklet to find the records of his or her family. These instructions will show you which records to search, what to look for, and what tools to use. One piece of information will lead to another until you have identified each family member and filled out a family group record.

- Find your ancestor's birth record in church records or civil registration.
- Find your ancestor's parents, brothers, and sisters in clerical survey records.
- Find the birth records of your ancestor's brothers and sisters in church records or civil registration.
  - Find the marriage record of your ancestor's parents in church records or civil registration. This family is now complete.
    - Latter-day Saints: Now see additional instructions for submitting names for temple ordinances.



## HOW TO BEGIN—PREPARATION

You should have already gathered as much information as possible from your home and family and filled out family group records and a pedigree chart. You may have checked FamilySearch<sup>™</sup> or other computer files to see if others have researched your Swedish family.

#### To Begin:

A. From your pedigree chart, choose an ancestor who was born in Sweden between 1860 and 1920. You must know the birth date and birthplace (parish) in order to find your ancestor's family. It is helpful to know the county and district.

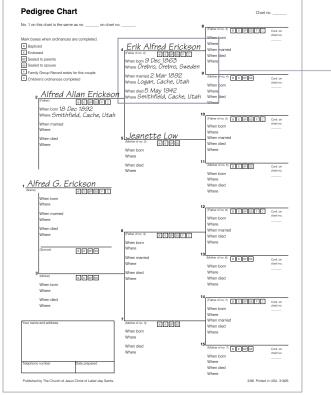
B. Write your ancestor's name in the children's section of a new family group record. Read through the instructions in this booklet. Then follow the steps below to find your ancestor's family.

#### Tips:

If you don't know your ancestor's birth date:

- Start with a more recent generation. You will learn how to do research, and you will probably discover something you didn't know about your family.
- Find the records for the family in the example given. This will teach you basic research skills before you research your own family. This is a good class activity.

If you don't know the parish where your ancestor was born, see "Tips" on page 6.



A. Rolf's pedigree chart

	Hu	sband		Last		
	Give	In name(s) Born (day month year)	Place	name		
					LDS ordinance dates	Ter
		Christened	Place		Baptized	
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		Married	Place		Sealed to spouse	
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B. Rolf begins a family group record with Erik Alfred Ericsson listed as a child.

### THE RESEARCH PROCESS

The following pages walk you through the research process. In the case study, Rolf is looking for the family of Erik Alfred Ericsson. He takes his family group records and pedigree chart to a family history center.

#### Here he looks in the Family History Library Catalog for the records he wants and orders the microfilms he needs. He makes several visits to the center. Follow

these same steps to find your family.

## THE RESEARCH PROCESS

Case study: Erik Alfred Ericsson, born in 1863 in Örebro stadsförsamling parish, Örebro District, Örebro County, Sweden.



## FIND YOUR ANCESTOR'S BIRTH (CHRISTENING) RECORD IN CHURCH RECORDS OR CIVIL REGISTRATION. (See "Church Records: Birth" on page 10 or "Civil Registration" on page 11.)

A. At the family history center, Rolf searches in the Family History Library Catalog for the parish in Sweden where his ancestor was born (Örebro stadsförsamling parish). If there are no birth records for the desired time period at the parish level, look under the county for "Civil Registration." (See "Using the Family History Library Catalog" on page 9.)

B. He finds the FHL film 1794844 and orders it. He finds Erik Alfred's birth record on the film. His surname is recorded as Ericsson. (See "Naming

Customs" on page 17.) He photocopies the record for his files.

C. Rolf makes note of the farm or village name listed on the birth record. He will need this information when he begins to search clerical survey records.

D. Rolf writes on the family group record: (1) Erik Alfred's birth information on the front, and (2) source information (such as parish name, film number, volume and years covered, and page number) on the back.

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#### FIND YOUR ANCESTOR'S FAMILY IN A CLERICAL SURVEY (CHURCH RECORD). (See "Clerical Survey" on page 12.)

A. Rolf now looks for the clerical survey which covers the year of Erik Alfred's birth. Clerical surveys are listed under the parish. He looks in the Family History Library Catalog for Örebro stadsförsamling (where Erik Alfred was born), and then he looks for "Church Records."

B. Rolf finds the clerical survey on FHL film 0424122.

C. On the film he finds the village of Ålunda, where Erik Alfred's family was living when he was born. The clerical survey lists the entire family. Sometimes more than one generation of the same family may be on the same page. D. Rolf records birth dates and birthplaces for each member of the family. Because some birthplaces are abbreviated, he checks a Swedish gazetteer to determine the correct spelling.

E. Rolf writes on the family group record: (1) information about all family members on the front, and (2) source information on the back.

F. In the same way, Rolf searches earlier and later clerical surveys to see if there are any more children in this family.

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		Died	Place		Endowed	
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		Wife's mother Given name(s)		Maiden name		Deceased
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		Born (day month year) 26 Jan 1860	Place		Baptized	
		Christened 29 Jan 1860	Place		Endowed	
		Died	Place		Sealed to parents	
		Spouse Given name(s)		Last		
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ite place a Martins,		Christened 14 Dec 1863	Place Örebro, Örebro, Sweden		Endowed	
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		Spouroo .	ette	Last name LOW	•	-
		Married 2 Mar 1892	Place		Sealed to spouse	
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		Option 2—Temple Fi and assign proxies for	le Send all names to any temple, all approved ordinances.			
		Option 3—Ancestral	File Send all names to the			
		computerized Ancestra for ordinances. I am in	al File for research purposes only, not cluding the required pedigree chart.	Phone	Date prepared	

#### Front of family group record. Other children are listed on the back of the sheet.

1	Sources of information Add further information on attached sheets as necessary. FHL Births of Örebro stadsförsamling, Örebro, Sweden, 1854–1875 Film #1, 794, 844 item 2–3 FHL Clerical Survey of Örebro stadsförsamling, Örebro, Sweden, 1866–1870		
2	Film #424, 124 FHL Marriages of Örebro stadsförsamling, Örebro, Sweden, 1822–1861 Film #0149, 108		- 3
	Same as #1 (sibling's birth) Note: Please take every reasonable step to see that the information on this form is as accurate and complete as practical. This will help maintain the integrity of Church family history files and reduce duplication of temple ordinance work.	]	4

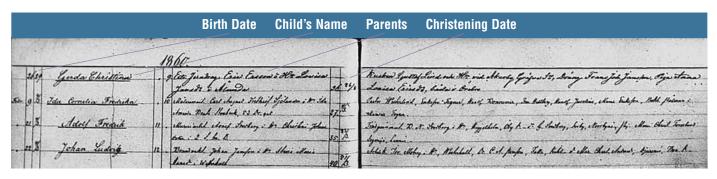
Back of family group record

## **3 FIND BIRTH (CHRISTENING) RECORDS FOR YOUR ANCESTOR'S BROTHERS AND SISTERS IN CHURCH RECORDS OR CIVIL REGISTRATION.** (See "Church Records: Birth" on page 10.)

A. Rolf looks for the birth record of Erik Alfred's older sister, Gerda Christina. In the year 1860 in the Family History Library Catalog, Rolf finds FHL film 1794844. He finds the film and the birth record. (If he could not find the parish records, he would look in civil registration.)

B. Rolf writes on the family group record: (1) information from the birth record on the front, and (2) source information on the back. C. Rolf looks for brothers and sisters in the same way.

D. Since most Swedish families had children every two to three years, Rolf looks to see if any of the children's births are more than three years apart. If they were, he would check for missing children in birth records between those years. These children may not appear on clerical survey records if they were born and died within the same year.



## FIND THE MARRIAGE RECORD OF YOUR ANCESTOR'S PARENTS. (See "Church Records: Marriage" on page 13 or "Civil Registration" on page 11.)

A. Rolf looks in the catalog for records of marriages from the place where the oldest child was born. Generally, marriage records are on the same roll of film as the birth and death records for the same period of time. In the church records of Örebro stadsförsamling parish, the marriage records are on a different FHL film (0149108) than the birth and death records. (If the parish records are not available, Rolf would look in civil registration.)

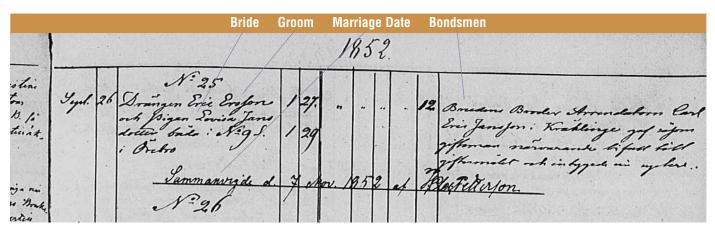
B. Rolf starts with the date of the first child's birth and searches earlier records until he finds the marriage. If he

couldn't find the marriage record, then he would search later records.

(If he couldn't find the marriage in this parish, he would try neighboring parishes or the parish where each parent was born, as shown in the clerical survey.)

C. Rolf writes on the family group record: (1) the marriage information on the front, and (2) source information on the back.

D. Rolf has the information he needs for this family.



Latter-day Saints now have the minimal information required for this family's temple submissions. See additional instructions for submitting names for temple ordinances.

#### NOW YOU CAN REPEAT STEPS 1 THROUGH 4 TO FIND ANOTHER FAMILY.

Look for the families of each of your ancestor's parents. Start with a new family group record, and look first for a birth record.

# HELPS FOR FINDING RECORDS

Finding Places

To find records in the Family History Library Catalog and to search Swedish church and clerical survey records, you need to know the farm or village, parish, and county in Sweden where your ancestor lived.

#### **Place Levels** (Jurisdictions)

Places are usually written from smallest to largest on family group records. The smallest place level can be either a village name or the name of a farm. The district (härad) is not usually listed.

Ålunda,	Örebro stadsförsamliı	ng, Örebro,	Sweden
(Village)	(Parish)	(County)	(Country)
Nybble,	Vintrosa,	Örebro,	Sweden
(Farm)	(Parish)	(County)	(Country)

#### Village or farm

- To search clerical survey records, you need to know the name of the village or farm where your ancestor lived.
- You can find the name of your ancestor's village or farm on the birth records.

#### Parish

- To find births, marriages, or deaths in church records, you need to know the name of the parish where your ancestor lived.
- A parish is the area (jurisdiction) where a Lutheran minister served and kept records (similar to a Latterday Saint ward). The parish is usually named for the largest village in the area.

#### Countv

- Sweden is divided into 24 counties.
- To search clerical survey records, it is helpful to know in which county your ancestor lived.

#### Tips

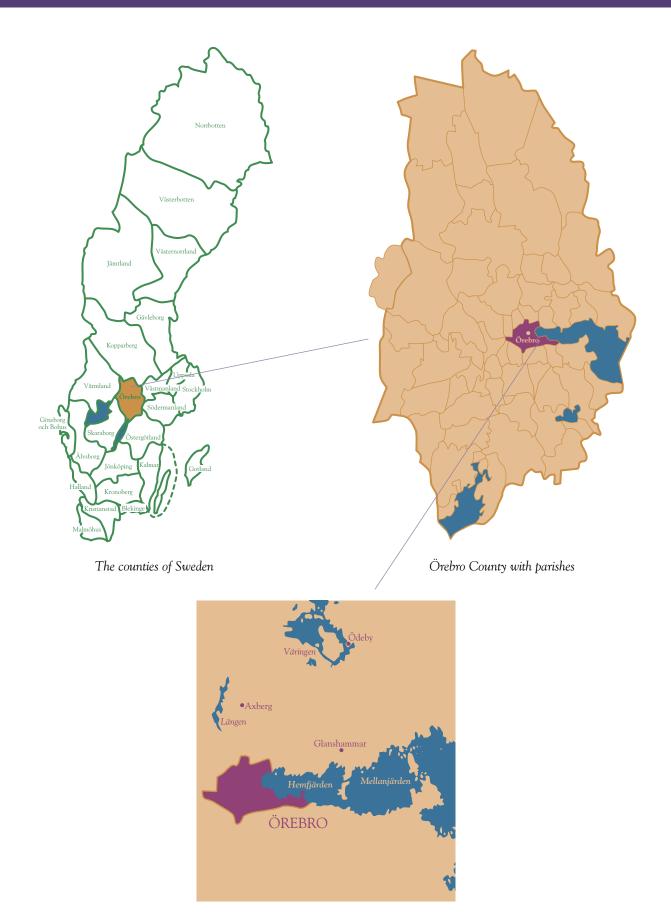
To find your ancestor's parish (socken or församling), see the following:

- If you know the county, see an alphabetical list of Swedish parishes in Carl-Erik Johansson's Cradled in Sweden (revised edition, 1995), FHL fiche 6030093-5.
- If you know the village or farm, see an index to all place-names in Svensk Ortförteckningar (1965 or 1970) (in Swedish), FHL film 0418349.
- If you would like to know the names of the villages and farms in a parish, see Svenska Orter, volumes 1, 2, and 3 (1932) (in Swedish), FHL films 087437-8.

When using Swedish clerical survey records, first find the page with the name of the village or farm where your ancestor lived, and then look for your ancestor's name.

On family group records compiled by genealogists:

- If four places are listed, the second place is usually the parish.
- If only three places are listed, the first place is usually the parish.
- Before Sweden had counties, it was divided into provinces. Sometimes the name of a province (such as Skåne or Småland), instead of the county, will be used in family records. Always change province names to the correct county name.



Örebro stadsförsamling parish

# HELPS FOR FINDING RECORDS

#### Counties of Sweden, 1620 to 2000

- Sweden controlled Finland until 1809.
- Sweden is divided into 24 counties, each called a län.
- Sweden controlled Norway from 1814 to 1905.
- Sweden is also divided into 25 provinces, each called a landskap.

The Family History Library Catalog lists records by county, not province.

#### The Counties of Sweden

Blekinge	Norrbotten
Gotland	Skaraborg
Gävleborg	Stockholm
Göteborg och Bohus	Södermanland
Halland	Uppsala
Jämtland	Värmland
Jönköping	Västerbotten
Kalmar	Västernorrland
Kopparberg	Västmanland
Kristianstad	Älvsborg
Kronoberg	Örebro
Malmöhus	Östergötland



### HELPS FOR FINDING RECORDS Using the Family History Library Catalog • Using Microfilm

#### USING THE FAMILY HISTORY LIBRARY CATALOG

Use the Family History Library Catalog to find any record available from the Family History Library. In it, you can find the call numbers you need to order records. The catalog is available at <u>www.familysearch.org</u> and at family history centers.

To find the information you need in the catalog, click **Library**, and then click **Family History Library Catalog**.

1. Click Place Search.

You will see: Place \_\_\_\_\_ Part of (optional) \_\_\_\_\_

2. For the "Place," type: the name of the parish

- 3. For "Part of," type: Sweden
- 4. Then find a topic, such as **Church Records**.
- 5. Click on the title you want.
- 6. Click on View Film Notes.
- 7. Look for the kind of record you want—such as *Födde* (Birth)—for the years you want. Write the FHL film number.

For more help, see Using the Family History Library Catalog (30966).

#### Tips

Use the place search to find Swedish church and clerical survey records.

To find Swedish church records, look in the parish.

To find Swedish clerical survey records, look in the parish.

If no records are listed when you type in the place:

- Look for spelling variations of the place-name.
- Make sure you type the name of the parish, not the village or farm.

When typing a place-name in the catalog, ignore diacritics (accent marks). For example, *Örebro* could be written as *Orebro*.

#### **USING MICROFILM**

At this time, most of the Family History Library's records are on microfilm. When you have found and ordered the microfilm you need, the family history center staff can help you find a microfilm reader and thread the film into the machine.

#### Tips

When using the microfilm:

- If the image will not come into focus, make sure the film is between the two glass plates.
- Learn how to turn the handle to move the film backward and forward. Be careful not to roll the film off the reel.
- Make sure the years on the title page are the years you need. Three or four separate books may be on a single microfilm. If the first title page doesn't cover the years you want, quickly spin through the film to the next black space. Then look for the next title page and the years covered.

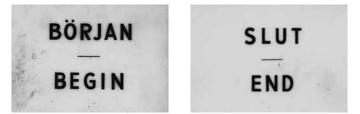
#### Each item or book on a film has a title page and an ending page.

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FÖDELSE- OCH DOPBÖCKER 1854-1861 C: 7

#### RIKSARKIVET SVAR KLIMPFJÄLL 1995-02-06 GW

This title page on microfilm introduces birth and christening records for Örebro stadsförsamling parish for the years 1854–61.



These pages indicate the beginning and the end of a section of Church records for Örebro stadsförsamling parish.

# CHURCH RECORDS: BIRTHS (FÖDDE)

#### **Use Birth Records To:**

- Find birth information for virtually every person who lived in Sweden.
- Verify the birthplace of an ancestor.
- Establish a time and place of a family's residence.

If you don't find your ancestor's birth in one parish, look in nearby or other likely parishes.

Birth and christening information are on the same record. The Swedish word *dop* means both baptized and christened. Genealogists usually call this a christening record.

#### Content

- Child's name
- Parents' names, occupation, and residence (which is also the child's birthplace)
- Witnesses' (godparents') names
- Birth date
- Christening (baptism) date

#### Tips

• Write down the names and residences of the godparents. These may be relatives, friends, or important members of the community whose names may lead you to other relatives.

- Other church records give marriages, deaths, burials, or movings.
- For help reading the records, see *Reading Swedish Records*. (See "Where to Order Publications" on page 17.) Look for English translations of the record headings.

#### Searching Birth Records

Before searching, you must know:

- Your ancestor's name.
- The parish and county of birth or residence.
- The approximate birth date.

#### Located at:

- Family History Library or family history centers
- Swedish National and Regional Archives

Family History Library Catalog: Place search:

Part of	Sweden

Topics to choose: Church Records

#### Search by:

• Date (day, month, year), from earliest to most recent.

	For this family, all of these witnesses are uncles and aunts of this child.
1860.	
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Born 26 January Female child 9th Daughter of advanced iron Mother Moth 1860, christened called Gerda female worker, Eric Ersson, and wife, age 36 retur 29 January Christina birth of Lovisa Jansdotter, in Ålunda churr year Febr	ned to Parish), Dräng (unmarried male worker) Frans Joh. (an) Jansson, Piga ch 26    (maiden) Anna Lovisa Ericsdotter, both in Örebro

1860 Birth Record of Örebro stadsförsamling parish (FHL film 1794844)

### CIVIL REGISTRATION: BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS 1860 to 1920

#### **Use Civil Registration Records To:**

- Replace parish (church) records after 1860. After 1860, if no parish records (of birth, marriage, or death) are listed in the Family History Library Catalog, see the extracts of parish records in "Civil Registration."
- Find birth, marriage, and death information for virtually every person who lived in Sweden.
- Verify the birthplace, marriage place, or death place of an ancestor.
- Establish a time and place of a person's or family's residence.

#### Content

- Similar to the information found in Church records of birth, marriage, and death.
- Birth records:
  - Birth order of the child (sometimes).
  - Number of years the parents have been married (sometimes).

#### Tips

- Look for the cities in each county at the end of each section of births, marriages, and deaths.
- Parishes are in random order. From the beginning pages of the film, write down the names of several parishes before and after the desired parish to guide your search for the parish.

- Before 1900, look for only one year of parish extracts (of birth, marriage, and death records) per microfilm.
- After 1900, look to see if the deaths for the previous year are on the next year's film for births and marriages.

#### **Searching Records of Civil Registration**

Before searching, you must know:

- Your ancestor's name.
- The parish and county of birth, marriage, or death.
- The approximate date of birth, marriage, or death.

#### Located at:

- Family History Library or family history centers
- Swedish National and Regional Archives

#### Family History Library Catalog:

Place search:

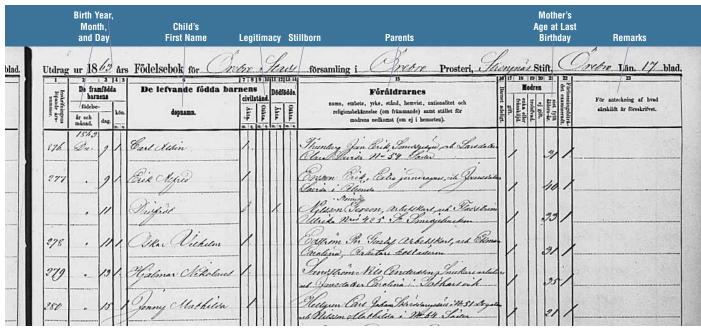
Place name of county

Part of Sweden

Topic to choose: Civil Registration

Search by (in this order):

- County.
- Parish.
- Date (year) of birth, marriage, or death from earliest to most recent.
- Name.



Civil registration, Extraction of Parish Records, Örebro County: Birth record for Erik Alfred, Örebro stadsförsamling parish, 9 December 1863 (FHL film 201142)

## CLERICAL SURVEY RECORDS (CHURCH RECORDS) (Husförhörslängd) 1750s to 1895

#### **Use Clerical Survey Records To:**

- Find family members and members of the household.
- Learn the names, ages, and birthplaces of brothers, sisters, parents, grandparents, and so on.

If you do not find your family in a clerical survey, look in nearby parishes.

The clerical survey will not list children who were born and died in the same year.

#### Content

- Names of family and household members
- Ages
- Relationships
- Birthplaces
- Occupations

#### Tips

- Reading the ages is usually easier than reading the names. Figure out how old your ancestor would be; then scan the age column for persons that age (give or take a year). Then try to read the names.
- If you only have a person's age, approximate a year of birth. Subtract the age from the year of the record. Search at least one year before the approximate birth year (in case the survey was taken before the person's birthday that year).

- Later clerical surveys have more columns and information than earlier clerical surveys.
- For help reading the records, see Reading Swedish Records. (See "Where to Order Publications" on page 17.) Look for English translations of the record headings.

#### Searching Clerical Survey Records

- Before searching, you must know:
- Your ancestor's name.
- The farm or village, the parish, and the approximate time he or she lived there.

#### Located at:

- Family History Library or family history centers
- Swedish National and Regional Archives

#### Family History Library Catalog: Place search:

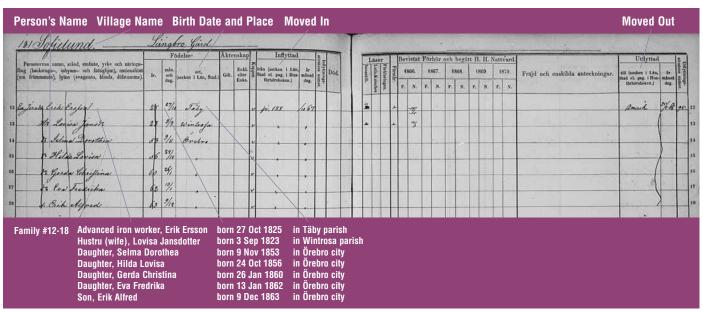
Place name of parish

Part of Sweden

Topics to choose: Church Records

#### Search for:

- The clerical survey for the year and parish.
- The farm or village within the parish.
- The age and then the name of a family member.



Clerical Survey of Örebro stadsförsamling parish (FHL film 424122)

# CHURCH RECORDS: MARRIAGE (VIGDA)

#### **Use Marriage Records To:**

- Find a couple's marriage date and place and their ages.
- Find bondsmen, who may be family members.

In large cities, marriage records may be in a separate book. In other places, marriages are in the same book as the baptism, death and burial, and moving records. Records are usually in this order: births, marriages, and then deaths.

#### Content

- Groom's name, age, occupation, residence
- Bride's name, age, occupation, residence
- Bondsmen
- Marriage date

Two *bondsmen* are listed in these records. Bondsmen are similar to a *best man* in a wedding party. Bondsmen knew the bride and groom and attested that the couple was legally able to get married.

#### Tips

- Because smallpox vaccinations were required for the bride and groom, there will often be a note about the vaccinations in the marriage record.
- Most couples were married in the area where they had been living. If you can't find the marriage record in the parish where the first child was born, look in surrounding parishes or the parish where the parents were born (as listed in the clerical survey records).

• For help reading the records, see *Reading Swedish Records*. (See "Where to Order Publications" on page 17.) Look for English translations of the record headings.

#### **Searching Marriage Records**

Before searching, you must know:

- The names of the bride and groom.
- The approximate birth date of the first child.
- The parish of residence.

#### Located at:

- Family History Library or family history centers
- Swedish National and Regional Archives

Family History Library Catalog:

Place search:

Place name of parish

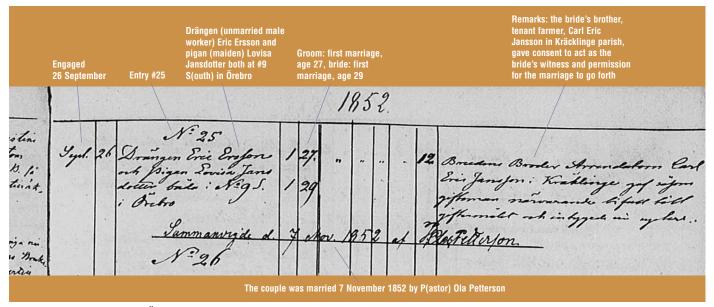
Part of Sweden

Topics to choose: Church Records

Search for:

• The parish.

- The date, from earliest to most recent.
- The couple's names.



1852 Marriage Record of Örebro stadsförsamling parish (FHL film 0149108)

# READING GOTHIC SCRIPT • SUMMARY

#### **READING GOTHIC SCRIPT**

Even if you know Swedish, reading the old-style Swedish script is one of the most challenging tasks for the beginning researcher. At first, it may seem overwhelming. However, you will find that although each scribe used a slight variation of the old-style script, all were quite consistent in their writing.

You will also find that after learning the most common given names and a few common terms, you will be able to read most of the documents you encounter.

The Swedish alphabet has three letters not found in English: Å, Ä, Ö. Look for these letters at the end of the alphabet:

...X, Y, Z, Å, Ä, Ö

Unlike German or French, these are considered separate letters and not just inflections of an *a* or *o*.

In records of the 1800s, an Ä was written as e (Jämshög as Jemshög).

*F* was often written in place of v (*Gefle* instead of *Gävle*).

Z was often written in place of s (Zidsel instead of Sidsel).

C was often written in place of *k* (*Carl* instead of *Karl*).

V was often preceded by *h* (*Hvena* instead of *Vena*).

#### Tips

- For help reading Swedish and understanding handwriting, see *Reading Swedish Records*. (See "Where to Order Publications" on page 17.)
- For help reading Gothic script, see *Danish-Norwegian Paleography* (FHL fiche 6030017) or similar books.
- Practice writing the names of your ancestors in the handwriting style shown in the above publications. This will help you learn to read old Swedish records much faster.
- Learn to recognize Swedish names. About a dozen male and female names are used repeatedly.

#### SUMMARY: FINDING A SWEDISH FAMILY, 1860 TO 1920

For detailed steps, see "The Research Process" on pages 3–5.

- 1. Find your ancestor's birth record in church records.
  - This verifies what you know.
  - Write down what you find, and record your source information.
- 2. Find your ancestor's family in Swedish clerical survey records.
  - Look in your ancestor's birthplace for the first clerical survey following your ancestor's birth.
  - Look in earlier or later clerical surveys to see if there are other children.
  - Write down what you find (names, ages, birthplaces, etc.).
  - Estimate birth years from the ages.
  - Write down your source information.
- 3. Find birth records for your ancestor's brothers and sisters in church records.
  - Using places and estimated birth years from the clerical survey, look for birth records.
  - Write down the information you find and your source information.
- 4. Find the marriage record of your ancestor's parents.
  - Look in the parish where the oldest child was born.
  - Start with the date of the first child's birth, and search backward and forward until you find the marriage. If you do not find the marriage record there, search nearby parishes.
  - Write down what you find, and record your source information.

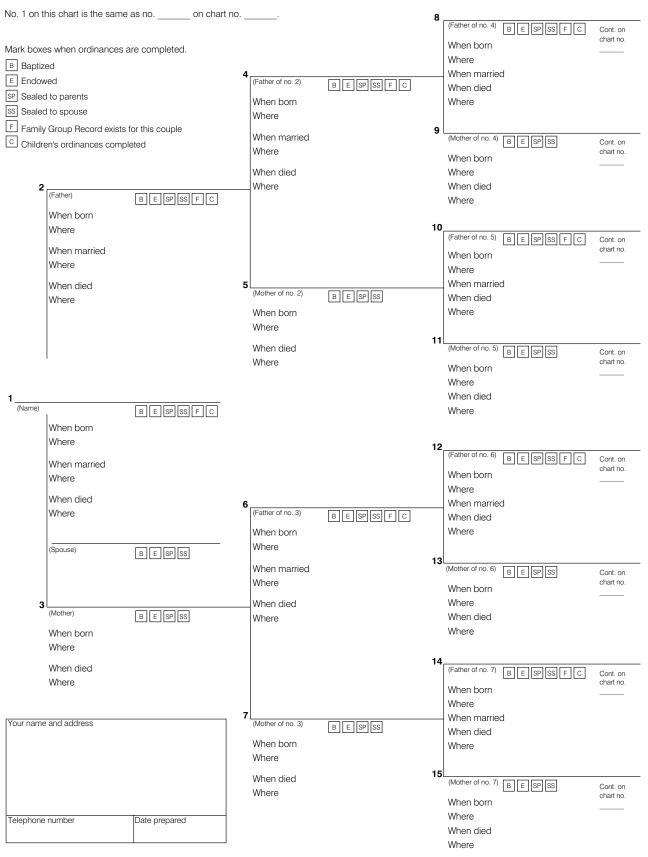
Then follow the same steps to find a parent's family.

## NOTES


## PEDIGREE CHART

### **Pedigree Chart**

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Chart no.
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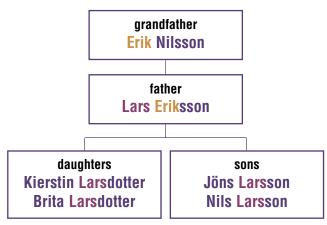
3/96. Printed in USA. 31826

## ADDITIONAL HELPS

#### Naming Customs in Sweden

Until 1875 Patronymics.

- A boy's surname was his father's given name and the suffix *sson*.
- A girl's surname was the father's given name and the suffix *dotter*.
- The woman's surname did not change when she married.
- Sometimes a person used an occupation, town name, or other nickname in addition to his or her surname.



1875 Patronymic names began to be replaced by family surnames. Your ancestor's surname may change. There is no official registration of these name changes. This happened first in cities, then rural areas.

After 1901 End of patronymics.

• Families now passed standard surnames to their children.

#### **Time Line**

- 1686 Swedish Parliament passed a law requiring the Lutheran clergy to keep parish registers.
- 1750 Clerical survey records began to be kept regularly.
- 1753 Sweden changed from the Julian to the Gregorian calendar.
- 1809 Sweden ceded Finland to Russia.
- 1814 Denmark ceded Norway to Sweden.
- 1820s Emigration from Sweden began.
- 1860 Civil extracts of birth, marriage, and death began. (The Family History Library has civil extracts up to the year 1920.)

- 1875 Patronymic names began to be replaced by family surnames.
- 1900 Over 1 million Swedes had emigrated to the United States.
- 1901 Families began using standard surnames. Patronymics ended.
- 1905 Sweden granted Norway independence.
- 1906 Sweden enacted language and spelling reforms.

#### What's Next?

Sweden: Finding Records of Your Ancestors, Part B, 1600–1900 (34716) describes strategies and records for more advanced searches.

#### More about Swedish Research:

- Carl-Erick Johansson, Cradled in Sweden. 2nd ed. 1995. FHL book 948.5 D27j.
- Per Clemensson and Kjell Andersson, *Släktforska*, *Steg för steg* (Guidebook to Swedish Genealogy) (in Swedish). 1993. FHL book 948.5 D27c.
- Elisabeth Thorsell and Ulf Schenkmanis, Släktforskning—vägen till din egen historia (Genealogy— The Road to Your Own History) (in Swedish). 1993.

#### Archives and Libraries

Family History Centers www.familysearch.org Tel. 800-346-6044

Family History Library 35 North West Temple Street Salt Lake City, UT 84150-3400 USA Tel. 801-240-2331

Swedish National Archive (Riksarkivet) Fryverkarbacken 13–17, Fack 100 26 S–112 29 Stockholm, SWEDEN www.ra.se/

#### Where to Order Publications:

• Distribution Services: Tel. 801-240-3800

#### www.familysearch.org

All Family History Library publications are described in: *Family History Materials List* (34083).

## Family Group Record If typing, set spacing at 1 1/2. Page

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		Died	Place		Endowed		
		Buried	Place		Sealed to parents		
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		Wife's mother Given name(s)		Maiden name			Deceased
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			e Send all names to any temple,	Address			
		and assign proxies for	all approved ordinances.				
		computerized Ancestra	File Send all names to the al File for research purposes only, not				
		for ordinances. I am inc	cluding the required pedigree chart.	Phone	Date prepared		
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ſ	Hus Giver	Husband Given name(s)		Last name		
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		Died	Place		Sealed to parents	
		Spouse Given name(s)		Last name		
		Married	Place		Sealed to spouse	
7	Sex	Given name(s)		Last name		See "Other marriages"
		Born (day month year)	Place	•	Baptized	
		Christened	Place		Endowed	
		Died	Place		Sealed to parents	
		Spouse Given name(s)		Last		
	-	Married	Place	name	Sealed to spouse	
ł	Othe	r marriages List other ma	rriages and sealings of the husband, wife, and childr	en on this form. List any necessary explanation	ons.	
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Sources of information Add further information on attached sheets as necessary.						

Note: Please take every reasonable step to see that the information on this form is as accurate and complete as practical. This will help maintain the integrity of Church family history files and reduce duplication of temple ordinance work.

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Other publications you will need: Reading Swedish Records (31028) Using the Family History Library Catalog (30966) For Latter-day Saints: Instructions for submitting names for temple ordinances.

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Publications Coordination				
Family History Library				
35 North West Temple Street				
Salt Lake City, UT 84150 USA				

Fax: 801-240-5551

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